Regulatory Basis Financial Statement and Independent Auditors' Report For the year ended December 31, 2017

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Regulatory Basis Financial Statement Year Ended December 31, 2017

Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures, and Unencumbered Cash	3
Notes to the Financial Statement	4-9
Regulatory – Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule 1 – Summary of Expenditures – Actual & Budget	10
Schedule 2 – Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures	
General Fund	11
Special Purpose Funds:	
Employee Benefits	12
Special Highway	13
Parks & Recreation	14
Special Law Enforcement	15
Special Parks & Recreation	16
Equipment Reserve	17
Capital Improvement Reserve	18
Business Funds:	
Trash Collection	19
Sewer Utility	20

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Independent Auditors' Report

Mayor and City Council City of Americus Lyon County, Kansas

I have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Americus, Kansas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide as described in Note 1 to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Kansas; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Those standards and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on the U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the City of Americus, Kansas prepared this financial statement to meet the requirements of the State of Kansas on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on the U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In my opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on the U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Americus, Kansas, as of December 31, 2017, or the changes in its financial position or cash flows for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In my opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the City of Americus, Kansas, as of December 31, 2017, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide described in Note 1.

Report on Regulatory – Required Supplementary Information

Cendy Jewsen CPA

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget and individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget (Schedules 1 and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement but are required to be presented under the provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. All supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2017 basic financial statement. The 2017 information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2017 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Cindy Jensen, CPA November 8, 2018

Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures, and Unencumbered Cash Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Beginning Unencumbered Cash Balance	Prior Year Cancelled Encumbrances	Receipts	Expenditures	Ending Unencumbered Cash Balance	Add Outstanding Encumbrances & Accounts Payable	Ending Cash Balance
General Fund	\$ 108,604	\$ 0	\$ 253,215	\$ 311,522	\$ 50,297	\$ 116,210	\$ 166,507
Special Purpose Funds							
Employee Benefits	4,666	0	40,968	42,247	3,387	6,831	10,218
Special Highway	26,609	0	26,406	19,388	33,627	24	33,651
Parks & Recreaton	29,778	0	7,310	21,121	15,967	487	16,454
Special Law Enforcement	7,245	0	350	0	7,595	0	7,595
Special Parks & Recreation	17,286	0	3,576	11,662	9,200	0	9,200
Equipment Reserve	45,297	0	40,000	15,400	69,897	0	69,897
Capital Improvement Res	83,671	0	42,404	0	126,075	0	126,075
Business Fund							
Trash Collection	7,096	0	55,262	54,320	8,038	5,616	13,654
Sewer	117,949	0	131,039	166,840	82,148	1,478	83,626
Total Reporting Entity	\$ 448,201	\$ 0	\$ 600,530	\$ 642,500	\$ 406,231	\$ 130,646	\$ 536,877
				Composition of	f Cash Balance:		
				Checking			\$ 22,547
				•	ds Money Market		514,330
				Total Repo	•		\$ 536,877

Notes to the Financial Statement December 31, 2017

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City has established a uniform system of accounting maintained to reflect compliance with the applicable laws of the State of Kansas. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Americus, Kansas was organized in 1857 and operates as a third-class city in accordance with the laws of the State of Kansas. The City has a population of approximately 885 and is governed by an elected mayor and five-member council. This report includes all services provided by the City to residents and businesses within its boundaries. Services provided include: parks and recreation, fire and police protection, street maintenance, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates two major enterprise activities; trash collection and sewer system. The City's financial statement does not include any related municipal entities.

Regulatory Basis Fund Types

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds, which are used to record the City's financial transactions. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Cash and other financial resources are recorded together with all related expenditures. A fund is used to segregate specific activities and for the purpose of attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations including State statutes and City ordinances. The following types of funds comprise the financial activities of the City.

General Fund – The chief operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Purpose Funds – used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific revenue sources (other.than capital projects and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

Business Funds – these are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to users of the goods or services. Business funds are operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of receipts, expenses, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America The Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The City approved a resolution that is in compliance-with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c) waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the City to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statement December 31, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

<u>Reimbursed Expenses</u> - These are defined as repayments of amounts remitted on behalf of another party. All reimbursed expenses shown in the financial statements meet the following criteria:

- 1. The related disbursement was made in the current year on behalf of the payee.
- 2. The item paid for was directly identifiable as having been used by or provided to the payee, and
- 3. The amount of the reimbursement is directly related to the amount of the original cash disbursement.

<u>Budgetary Information</u> - Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5th.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in regulatory receipts other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held, and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for this year.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting in which regulatory receipts are recognized when cash is received, and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital project funds, trust funds, permanent funds and the following special purpose funds: Equipment Reserve and Capital Improvements funds. Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

<u>Compliance with Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Obligations</u> - References made herein to the statutes are not intended as interpretations of law but are offered for consideration of the Director of Accounts and Reports, and interpretation by the County Attorney and legal representatives of the City.

Management is not aware of any regulatory violations for the period covered by this audit.

Notes to the Financial Statement December 31, 2017

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the city is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk – the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be entirely returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by FDIC insurance, or by collateral held under a joint custody receipts issued by a bank within the state of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. All deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2017.

Cash balances from all funds are combined and invested, to the extent possible in interest bearing accounts. All investments are stated at cost. Earnings from these investments, unless specifically designated, are allocated to the general fund. All investments are held in the City's name.

At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits, excluding petty cash funds, was \$536,877. The bank balance was held by one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Actual bank statement balances were \$539,819. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balance is composed of checks that have not cleared and deposits in transit. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by FDIC insurance, and \$289,819 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' agents in the City's name. The City held no investments on December 31, 2017.

Note 4 – Ad Valorem Tax Revenues and Property Taxes

The determination of assessed valuations and the collection of property taxes for all political subdivisions in the state of Kansas is the responsibility of the various counties. The County Appraiser annually determines assessed valuations based on real estate transactions recorded by the Register of Deeds and personal property transactions reported by taxpayers. The County Clerk spreads the annual assessment on the tax rolls. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County.

In accordance with state statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are a revenue source to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and become a lien on the property on November 1st of each year. One-half of the property tax is due on December 20th prior to the fiscal year for which they are budgeted, and the second half is due the following May 10th. The County Treasurer collects and distributes the property taxes. In accordance with state statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are a revenue source to be used to finance the following years operation.

Undistributed taxes from the prior year levy are recognized as income in the current year. It is not practicable to apportion delinquent taxes held by the County Treasurer at year end and, further, the amounts are not material in relationship to the financial statement taken as a whole.

Notes to the Financial Statement December 31, 2017

Note 5 - Defined Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City of Americus, Kansas participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which may be found on the website at www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 S Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, Ks. 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

<u>Contributions</u> - K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is KPERS 1, KPERS 2, or a KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, and KPERS 3 members. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rate for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, and KPERS 3 to be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not Including the 1% contribution with a 0% moratorium from the period of January 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 8.46% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$7,917 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Net Pension Liability - At December 31, 2017, the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was \$73,973. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2017. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in this financial statement.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at www.kpers.org or can be obtained as described above.

Note 6 – Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Insurance claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in prior years.

Notes to the Financial Statement December 31, 2017

Note 7 – Other Long-Term Obligations from Operations

Compensated Absences – City employees may earn up to 3 weeks of paid vacation per year. Payment in lieu of the vacation days is not permitted, and carryover is limited to a maximum of 5 vacation days. Vacation leave is payable upon termination. Employees also earn up to 5 days per year sick leave with a maximum carryover of 20 days. At year end, any amount in excess of 20 days is paid to the employee. Three days of sick leave may be redeemed for one personal day once a year. Sick pay is forfeited upon termination. Employees also receive 2 discretionary days per year. Payment in lieu of discretionary days is not permitted. The costs of accumulated compensated absences are not recorded at the time the benefits are accumulated, but rather at the time such benefits are paid. No estimate has been made of the total accumulated leave nor has any been included in this statement.

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt

The loan payable to the Kansas Department of Health and Environment, for wastewater treatment improvements, approved and advanced amount of \$1,637,000 is payable from revenues of the sewer utility. The loan, which bears interest at 2.57%, is to be retired in semi-annual installments of \$52,256 through calendar year 2027. No lien or other security interest is granted to the KDHE, however should the sewer utility revenues be insufficient to pay costs of operation and maintenance of the system and pay the principal, interest and other amounts due under the loan agreement, the City shall levy ad valorem taxes to produce the required amounts.

Changes in long-term debt are as follows:

	Interest Rate	Date of Issue	Amount of Issue	Date of Final Maturity	Balance Due January 1	Additions	Reductions/ Payments	Balance Due December 31	Interest Paid
KDHE loan	2.57%	9/14/2005	1,637,000	2/28/2027	\$ 956,437	\$ 0	\$ 80,445	\$ 875,992	\$ 24,067
Total contractual	indebtedness				\$ 956,437	\$ 0	\$ 80,445	\$ 875,992	\$ 24,067

Maturities of the loan for the next five years and in five-year increments thereafter are as follows:

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		2023-2027		Total
Principal KDHE Water loan	\$ 82,526	\$ 84,660	\$ 86,850	\$ 89,097	\$	91,401	\$ 441,458	\$	875,992
Interest KDHE Water loan	21,986	19,852	17,662	15,415		13,111	28,846		116,872
Total Principal & Interest	\$ 104,512	\$ 104,512	\$ 104,512	\$ 104,512	\$	104,512	\$ 470,304	\$	992,864

Notes to the Financial Statement December 31, 2017

Note 9 – Transfers

The City transferred monies between funds as allowed by applicable Kansas statutes. The following schedule details transfers made in 2017.

Transferred from:	Transferred to:	Statute	Amount
General	Equipment Reserve	12-1,117	\$30,000
General	Capital Improvement	12-1,118	10,000
Sewer	Capital Improvement	12-1,118	20,000
Special Parks	Capital Improvement	12-1,118	10,000
Special Highway	Equipment Reserve	12-1,117	10,000

Note 10 - Fire Protection

The City has a joint fire department with the Americus township. The two entities approve the fire department budget and share equally in expenses. In 2017, the city and township petitioned the Lyon County board of commissioners to establish a joint fire district. The joint fire district was formed, and in 2018, equipment and property was transferred to the Lyon County Fire District #8.



Schedule 1

Summary of Expenditures-Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis Budgeted Funds Only For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

FUNDS	Certified Budget		Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credits		Total Budget for Comparison		Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year		Variance Over (Under)	
General Fund	\$ 348,025	\$	0	\$	348,025	\$	311,522	\$	(36,503)	
Special Purpose Funds										
Employee Benefits	43,300		0		43,300		42,247		(1,053)	
Special Highway	20,000		0		20,000		19,388		(612)	
Parks & Recreaton	30,500		0		30,500		21,121		(9,379)	
Special Law Enforcement	4,000		0		4,000		0		(4,000)	
Special Parks & Recreation	13,000		0		13,000		11,662		(1,338)	
Business Funds										
Trash Collection	59,450		0		59,450		54,320		(5,130)	
Sewer	188,512		0		188,512		166,840		(21,672)	

Schedule 2A

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

GENERAL FUND

	Current Year							
					V	/ariance		
						Over		
		Actual		Budget	((Under)		
Receipts	•	00.050	•	05.054	•	4.000		
Taxes-County	\$	99,359	\$	95,051	\$	4,308		
Intergovernmental		96,109		89,622		6,487		
Licenses & Permits		3,639		4,000		(361)		
Franchise Tax		28,093		25,000		3,093		
Use of money & property		6,045		2,500		3,545		
Fines and fees		6,178		6,000		178		
Other		13,792		3,000		10,792		
Transfers In		0	-	0		0		
Total Receipts		253,215		225,173		28,042		
Expenditures								
General government								
Personal Services		58,390		52,000		6,390		
Contractual		55,604		43,500		12,104		
Commodities		8,972		8,500		472		
Capital outlay		0		6,000		(6,000)		
Transfers to other funds		10,000		10,000		0		
Police & Fire								
Personal Services		21,945		48,000		(26,055)		
Contractual		33,513		38,425		(4,912)		
Commodities		3,223		6,600		(3,377)		
Capital outlay		0		0		0		
Transfers to other funds		0		0		0		
Parks & Recreation								
Personal Services		221		3,000		(2,779)		
Contractual		0		2,000		(2,000)		
Commodities		0		1,000		(1,000)		
Capital outlay		0		0		0		
Transfers to other funds		5,000		5,000		0		
Streets								
Personal Services		32,311		30,000		2,311		
Street repair & maintenance		55,853		69,000		(13,147)		
Transfers to other funds		25,000		25,000		0		
Recycle								
Recycling program		1,490		0		1,490		
Total Expenditures		311,522		348,025		(36,503)		
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(58,307)	\$	(122,852)	\$	64,545		
Unencumbered Cash, January 1		108,604						
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$	50,297						

Schedule 2B

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Receipts			
Taxes	\$ 40,934	\$ 39,032	\$ 1,902
Other	34_	0	34
Total Receipts	40,968	39,032	1,936
Expenditures			
Payroll taxes & work comp	19,907	20,000	(93)
Health insurance	22,340	23,300	(960)
Adjustment for Budget Credits	. 0	. 0	` ó
Total Expenditures	42,247	43,300	(1,053)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,279)	\$ (4,268)	\$ 2,989
Unencumbered Cash, January 1	4,666		
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$ 3,387		

Schedule 2C

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

SPECIAL HIGHWAY

	Current Year								
		Actual		Budget		ariance Over Jnder)			
Receipts State of Kansas gas tax	\$	23,583	\$	22,810	\$	773			
Special city/county highway Other		2,823 0		2,600		223 0			
Total Receipts		26,406		25,410	-	996			
Expenditures									
Street repair & maintenance		9,388		10,000		(612)			
Transfer to other funds		10,000		10,000		0			
Adjustment for Budget Credits		0		0		0			
Total Expenditures		19,388		20,000		(612)			
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		7,018	\$	5,410	\$	1,608			
Unencumbered Cash, January 1		26,609							
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$	33,627							

Schedule 2D

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

PARKS & RECREATION

	Current Year									
		Actual	Budget	Variance Over dget (Under)						
Receipts	ф	7.005	Φ	E 0E4	Φ	4 404				
Taxes	\$	7,285	\$	5,854	\$	1,431				
Other		25		0		25				
Total Receipts		7,310		5,854		1,456				
Expenditures Personal services Contractual Commodities Capital outlay Adjustment for Budget Credits Total Expenditures		9,673 4,025 7,423 0 0 21,121	_	12,500 8,000 5,000 5,000 0 30,500		(2,827) (3,975) 2,423 (5,000) 0 (9,379)				
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(13,811)	\$	(24,646)	\$	10,835				
Unencumbered Cash, January 1		29,778								
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$	15,967								

Schedule 2E

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

SPECIAL LAW ENFORCEMENT

	A	ctual	E	Budget	Variance Over (Under)	
Receipts						
Diversion collections	\$	350	\$	500	\$ (150)	
Other		0		0	 0	
Total Receipts		350		500	 (150)	
Expenditures						
Contractual		0		1,000	(1,000)	
Commodities		0		3,000	(3,000)	
Adjustment for Budget Credits		0		0	O O	
Total Expenditures		0		4,000	(4,000)	
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		350	\$	(3,500)	\$ 3,850	
Unencumbered Cash, January 1		7,245				
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$	7,595				

Lyon County, Kansas

Schedule 2F

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

SPECIAL PARKS & RECREATION

	Current Year									
	ActualBudget					Variance Over (Under)				
Receipts										
State of Kansas liquor tax Other Receipts	\$	3,576 0	\$	1,123 0	\$	2,453 0				
Total Receipts		3,576		1,123		2,453				
Expenditures										
Park improvements		1,662		3,000		(1,338)				
Transfer out		10,000		10,000		0				
Adjustment for Budget Credits		0		0		0				
Total Expenditures		11,662		13,000		(1,338)				
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(8,086)	\$	(11,877)	\$	3,791				
Unencumbered Cash, January 1		17,286								
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$	9,200								

Schedule 2G

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

EQUIPMENT RESERVE

	Current Year Actual		
Receipts			
Transfers In	\$ 40,000		
Other Receipts	 0		
Total Receipts	40,000		
Expenditures Equipment Other	 15,400 0		
Total Expenditures	15,400		
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	24,600		
Unencumbered Cash, January 1	 45,297		
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$ 69,897		

Schedule 2H

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RESERVE

	Current Year Actual		
Receipts			
Special assessments	\$	2,404	
Transfers In		40,000	
Total Receipts		42,404	
Expenditures Capital improvements		0	
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		42,404	
Unencumbered Cash, January 1		83,671	
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$	126,075	

Schedule 2I

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

TRASH UTILITY

	Current Year			
Descripto	Actual Budget		Variance Over (Under)	
Receipts Charges for Services	\$ 55,262	\$ 58,500	\$ (3,238)	
Charges for Services				
Other Receipts	<u> </u>	50,500	(2.220)	
Total Receipts	55,262	58,500	(3,238)	
Expenditures				
Personal services	2,583	2,800	(217)	
Contractual services	51,568	56,000	(4,432)	
Commodities	169	650	(481)	
Transfer to other funds	0	0	0	
Total Expenditures	54,320	59,450	(5,130)	
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	942	\$ (950)	\$ 1,892	
Unencumbered Cash, January 1	7,096			
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$ 8,038			

Schedule 2J

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

SEWER UTILITY

	Current Year					
Don't de	Actual		Budget		Variance Over (Under)	
Receipts	•	400.00=	•	405.000	•	(4.070)
Charges for Services	\$	130,627	\$	135,000	\$	(4,373)
Other Receipts		412		0		412
Total Receipts		131,039		135,000		(3,961)
Expenditures		40 727		22.000		(0.000)
Personal Service		19,737		22,000		(2,263)
Contractual		17,657		31,500		(13,843)
Commodities		4,934		10,500		(5,566)
Capital Outlay		0		0		0
Principal & interest		104,512		104,512		0
Transfers to other funds		20,000		20,000		0
Total Expenditures		166,840		188,512		(21,672)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(35,801)	\$	(53,512)	\$	17,711
Unencumbered Cash, January 1		117,949				
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$	82,148				